

Exam in TSKS01 Digital Communication

- Exam code:** TEN1
- Date:** 2018-01-11 **Time:** 14:00–18:00
- Place:** KÅRA
- Teacher:** Emil Björnson, tel: 013 - 28 67 32
- Visiting exam:** Around 16 and 17
- Administrator:** Carina Lindström, 013 - 28 44 23, carina.e.lindstrom@liu.se
- Department:** ISY
- Allowed aids:** Pocket calculator with empty memory.
Olofsson: Tables and Formulas for Signal Theory.
- Number of tasks:** 7
- Solutions:** Will be published within one week after the exam at
<http://www.commsys.isy.liu.se/TSKS01>
- Result:** You get a message about your result via an automatic email from Ladok. Note that we cannot file your result if you are not registered on the course. That also means that you will not get an automated email about your result if you are not registered on the course.
- Exam return:** 2018-01-29, 12:45–13:00, Emil Björnson's office, Building B, top floor, corridor A between entrances 27–29. After that in the student office of Dept. of EE. (ISY), Building B, Corridor D, between Entrances 27–29, right next to Café Java.
- Important:** **Solutions and answers must be given in English.**

Grading: This exam consists of three parts: an introductory task, a question part, and a problem-solving part. The introductory task consists of two rather simple subtasks that test the ability to perform standard calculations. Each task in the question part and the problem-solving part can give the number of points indicated in the margin. The question part can give you at most 10 points and the problem-solving part can give you at most 20 points. For passing the exam, you need

- at least one of the two subtasks of the introductory task solved correctly,
- at least 3 points from the question part,
- at least 6 points from the problem-solving part,
- and totally at least 14 points.

Grade limits:

- Grade three (ECTS C): 14 points,
- Grade four (ECTS B): 19 points,
- Grade five (ECTS A): 24 points.

Sloppy solutions and solutions that are hard to read are subject to hard judgement, as are unreasonable answers.

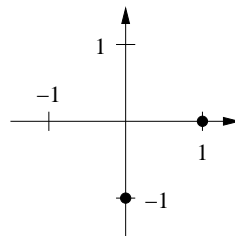
Introductory task

- 1 You need to solve at least one of these subtasks correctly as partial fulfillment for passing the exam.
- a. There is a class of codes for error control called Reed-Muller codes, which contains both binary and non-binary codes. Among those codes, there is a binary code with generator matrix

$$G = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

Determine the length and dimension of this code.

- b. A binary modulation scheme uses the following two signal points:



Determine the error probability if we communicate over an AWGN channel where the noise has power spectral density $N_0/2 = 0.2$. The receiver uses an ML detector.

Question part

- 2 Explain the concept of link adaptation and when it is useful in digital communication systems. Make sure to describe the throughput formula and what design choices that affect it. Draw an example of the throughput that can be achieved with four different combinations of modulation/coding and explain when each combination is desirable. (5 p)

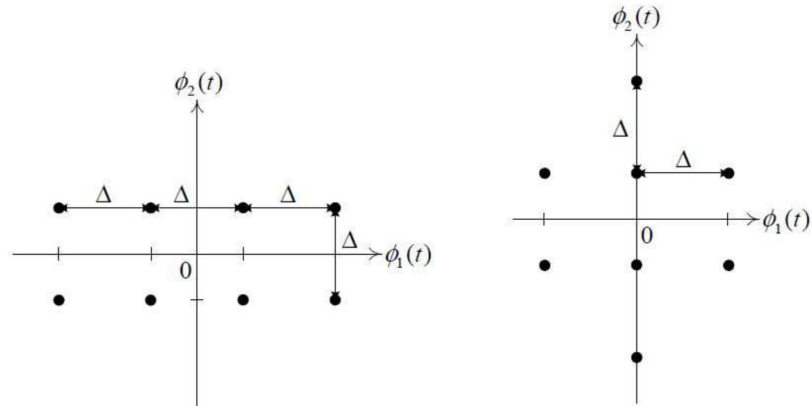
- 3** Are the following claims true or false? You do not need to explain your answers. (5 p)
- a. All repetition codes are perfect codes.
 - b. The amplitude of the signal carries the information in OOK.
 - c. Inter-symbol interference occurs when the Nyquist criterion is satisfied.
 - d. The Viterbi algorithm finds the ML sequence estimate.
 - e. A phase-locked loop produces an output signal with the same frequency as the input signal.

For each of the claims above, a correct answer gives you +1 point, while an incorrect answer gives you -1 point. No answer give you 0 points for that claim, so a good strategy is to only give an answer if you are sure that it is correct. You cannot get less than 0 points totally from this task.

Problem-solving part

- 4** Consider communication with on-off keying over a dispersive L -tap channel. (5 p)
- a. What is the memory of channel? How many states are required in the trellis when using the Viterbi algorithm? (2p)
 - b. Suppose $L = 4$. Draw the trellis representation of the state transition between time k and time $k + 1$. (3p)
- 5** We want to send the message $m(x) = 1 \cdot x^4 + 0 \cdot x^3 + 0 \cdot x^2 + 1 \cdot x + 0 \cdot 1$ using a CRC code defined by the CRC polynomial $p(x) = x^4 + x^2 + 1$. (5 p)
- a. What are n and k ? (2p)
 - b. Which codeword $c(x)$ corresponds to $m(x)$? (3p)

- 6 Consider the following two signal space diagrams with 8-ary signal constellations: (5 p)

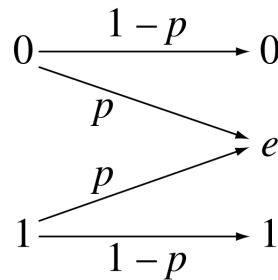


The SNR is assumed to be high and each signal point is equally probable.

- a. Compute the average signal energies for both constellations, as functions of Δ .
- b. Draw the decision regions for ML detection.
- c. Derive the error probabilities of the given constellations.
- d. Which constellation is the best and why?

7 Consider a (7, 4) Hamming code. (5 p)

- a. How many errors can be corrected by this code?
- b. Assume that the code is used on a binary symmetric channel (BSC) with bit error probability p and assume that ML detection is used. What is the probability of incorrectly decoding a codeword?
- c. Another type of channel is the binary erasure channel (BEC), which is defined as follows:



The input signals are 0 and 1, but there are three different received signals: 0, 1, and e , where e is called an erasure. The erasure probability is p . When you receive an e , you know for sure that an error has occurred but not if the transmitted signal was 0 or 1. How many erasures can we accept when transmitting a (7, 4) Hamming code over a BEC, while still being able to decode the transmission correctly?

- d. What is the probability of failing to correct erasures when sending a (7, 4) Hamming code over the BEC?

The *Q*-function, table of $Q(x) = \int_x^\infty \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-t^2/2} dt$ for $0.00 \leq x \leq 5.99$.

<i>x</i>	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	exp
0.0	5.0000	4.9601	4.9202	4.8803	4.8405	4.8006	4.7608	4.7210	4.6812	4.6414	-1
0.1	4.6017	4.5620	4.5224	4.4828	4.4433	4.4038	4.3644	4.3251	4.2858	4.2465	
0.2	4.2074	4.1683	4.1294	4.0905	4.0517	4.0129	3.9743	3.9358	3.8974	3.8591	
0.3	3.8209	3.7828	3.7448	3.7070	3.6693	3.6317	3.5942	3.5569	3.5197	3.4827	
0.4	3.4458	3.4090	3.3724	3.3360	3.2997	3.2636	3.2276	3.1918	3.1561	3.1207	
0.5	3.0854	3.0503	3.0153	2.9806	2.9460	2.9116	2.8774	2.8434	2.8096	2.7760	
0.6	2.7425	2.7093	2.6763	2.6435	2.6109	2.5785	2.5463	2.5143	2.4825	2.4510	
0.7	2.4196	2.3885	2.3576	2.3270	2.2965	2.2663	2.2363	2.2065	2.1770	2.1476	
0.8	2.1186	2.0897	2.0611	2.0327	2.0045	1.9766	1.9489	1.9215	1.8943	1.8673	
0.9	1.8406	1.8141	1.7879	1.7619	1.7361	1.7106	1.6853	1.6602	1.6354	1.6109	
1.0	1.5866	1.5625	1.5386	1.5151	1.4917	1.4686	1.4457	1.4231	1.4007	1.3786	
1.1	1.3567	1.3350	1.3136	1.2924	1.2714	1.2507	1.2302	1.2100	1.1900	1.1702	
1.2	1.1507	1.1314	1.1123	1.0935	1.0749	1.0565	1.0383	1.0204	1.0027	9.8525	
1.3	9.6800	9.5098	9.3418	9.1759	9.0123	8.8508	8.6915	8.5343	8.3793	8.2264	
1.4	8.0757	7.9270	7.7804	7.6359	7.4934	7.3529	7.2145	7.0781	6.9437	6.8112	
1.5	6.6807	6.5522	6.4255	6.3008	6.1780	6.0571	5.9380	5.8208	5.7053	5.5917	
1.6	5.4799	5.3699	5.2616	5.1551	5.0503	4.9471	4.8457	4.7460	4.6479	4.5514	
1.7	4.4565	4.3633	4.2716	4.1815	4.0930	4.0059	3.9204	3.8364	3.7538	3.6727	
1.8	3.5930	3.5148	3.4380	3.3625	3.2884	3.2157	3.1443	3.0742	3.0054	2.9379	
1.9	2.8717	2.8067	2.7429	2.6803	2.6190	2.5588	2.4998	2.4419	2.3852	2.3295	
2.0	2.2750	2.2216	2.1692	2.1178	2.0675	2.0182	1.9699	1.9226	1.8763	1.8309	
2.1	1.7864	1.7429	1.7003	1.6586	1.6177	1.5778	1.5386	1.5003	1.4629	1.4262	
2.2	1.3903	1.3553	1.3209	1.2874	1.2545	1.2224	1.1911	1.1604	1.1304	1.1011	
2.3	1.0724	1.0444	1.0170	9.9031	9.6419	9.3867	9.1375	8.8940	8.6563	8.4242	
2.4	8.1975	7.9763	7.7603	7.5494	7.3436	7.1428	6.9469	6.7557	6.5691	6.3872	
2.5	6.2097	6.0366	5.8677	5.7031	5.5426	5.3861	5.2336	5.0849	4.9400	4.7988	
2.6	4.6612	4.5271	4.3965	4.2692	4.1453	4.0246	3.9070	3.7926	3.6811	3.5726	
2.7	3.4670	3.3642	3.2641	3.1667	3.0720	2.9798	2.8901	2.8028	2.7179	2.6354	
2.8	2.5551	2.4771	2.4012	2.3274	2.2557	2.1860	2.1182	2.0524	1.9884	1.9262	
2.9	1.8658	1.8071	1.7502	1.6948	1.6411	1.5889	1.5382	1.4890	1.4412	1.3949	
3.0	1.3499	1.3062	1.2639	1.2228	1.1829	1.1442	1.1067	1.0703	1.0350	1.0008	
3.1	9.6760	9.3544	9.0426	8.7403	8.4474	8.1635	7.8885	7.6219	7.3638	7.1136	
3.2	6.8714	6.6367	6.4095	6.1895	5.9765	5.7703	5.5706	5.3774	5.1904	5.0094	
3.3	4.8342	4.6648	4.5009	4.3423	4.1889	4.0406	3.8971	3.7584	3.6243	3.4946	
3.4	3.3693	3.2481	3.1311	3.0179	2.9086	2.8029	2.7009	2.6023	2.5071	2.4151	
3.5	2.3263	2.2405	2.1577	2.0778	2.0006	1.9262	1.8543	1.7849	1.7180	1.6534	
3.6	1.5911	1.5310	1.4730	1.4171	1.3632	1.3112	1.2611	1.2128	1.1662	1.1213	
3.7	1.0780	1.0363	9.9611	9.5740	9.2010	8.8417	8.4957	8.1624	7.8414	7.5324	
3.8	7.2348	6.9483	6.6726	6.4072	6.1517	5.9059	5.6694	5.4418	5.2228	5.0122	
3.9	4.8096	4.6148	4.4274	4.2473	4.0741	3.9076	3.7475	3.5936	3.4458	3.3037	
4.0	3.1671	3.0359	2.9099	2.7888	2.6726	2.5609	2.4536	2.3507	2.2518	2.1569	
4.1	2.0658	1.9783	1.8944	1.8138	1.7365	1.6624	1.5912	1.5230	1.4575	1.3948	
4.2	1.3346	1.2769	1.2215	1.1685	1.1176	1.0689	1.0221	9.7736	9.3447	8.9337	
4.3	8.5399	8.1627	7.8015	7.4555	7.1241	6.8069	6.5031	6.2123	5.9340	5.6675	
4.4	5.4125	5.1685	4.9350	4.7117	4.4979	4.2935	4.0980	3.9110	3.7322	3.5612	
4.5	3.3977	3.2414	3.0920	2.9492	2.8127	2.6823	2.5577	2.4386	2.3249	2.2162	
4.6	2.1125	2.0133	1.9187	1.8283	1.7420	1.6597	1.5810	1.5060	1.4344	1.3660	
4.7	1.3008	1.2386	1.1792	1.1226	1.0686	1.0171	9.6796	9.2113	8.7648	8.3391	
4.8	7.9333	7.5465	7.1779	6.8267	6.4920	6.1731	5.8693	5.5799	5.3043	5.0418	
4.9	4.7918	4.5538	4.3272	4.1115	3.9061	3.7107	3.5247	3.3476	3.1792	3.0190	
5.0	2.8665	2.7215	2.5836	2.4524	2.3277	2.2091	2.0963	1.9891	1.8872	1.7903	
5.1	1.6983	1.6108	1.5277	1.4487	1.3737	1.3024	1.2347	1.1705	1.1094	1.0515	
5.2	9.9644	9.4420	8.9462	8.4755	8.0288	7.6050	7.2028	6.8212	6.4592	6.1158	
5.3	5.7901	5.4813	5.1884	4.9106	4.6473	4.3977	4.1611	3.9368	3.7243	3.5229	
5.4	3.3320	3.1512	2.9800	2.8177	2.6640	2.5185	2.3807	2.2502	2.1266	2.0097	
5.5	1.8990	1.7942	1.6950	1.6012	1.5124	1.4283	1.3489	1.2737	1.2026	1.1353	
5.6	1.0718	1.0116	9.5479	9.0105	8.5025	8.0224	7.5686	7.1399	6.7347	6.3520	
5.7	5.9904	5.6488	5.3262	5.0215	4.7338	4.4622	4.2057	3.9636	3.7350	3.5193	
5.8	3.3157	3.1236	2.9424	2.7714	2.6100	2.4579	2.3143	2.1790	2.0513	1.9310	
5.9	1.8175	1.7105	1.6097	1.5147	1.4251	1.3407	1.2612	1.1863	1.1157	1.0492	

For $x > 0$, we have $(1 - x^{-2}) \frac{1}{x\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-x^2/2} dt < Q(x) < \frac{1}{x\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-x^2/2} dt$. For large x we have $Q(x) \approx \frac{1}{x\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-x^2/2} dt$.